

MENTAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

Sustainable Development Goal Target 3.4



POOR MENTAL HEALTH

Poor mental health represents one of the leading causes of **premature death and disability**. It is a common source of human misery.

Numerous studies have established that a higher burden of poor mental health exists among LGBTI people compared to the general population.

The mental health of **transgender** people is an acute concern.

LGBT people are at higher risk for mental disorders, including **depression, anxiety, suicidal ideation** and **deliberate self-harm**, compared to heterosexual people.



SUICIDE / SELF HARM

Gay and bisexual men have suicidal ideation rates **almost twice** those of heterosexual individuals.

LGBT youth demonstrate **higher rates** of emotional distress, symptoms related to mood and anxiety disorders, self-harm, self-stigma, suicidal ideation, and suicidal behavior compared to heterosexual youth.



DEPRESSION

Bisexual women, particularly younger women, have **higher levels** of depressive symptoms than lesbians.

The risk of depression in LGB people is at least twice that of heterosexuals.



DISPARITIES

Social exclusion, violence, discrimination, and criminalization perpetuate mental health and non-communicable disease disparities among LGBTI people.

The risk of depression in LGB people is at least twice that of heterosexuals.




India

In India the prevalence of depression among transwomen is high.



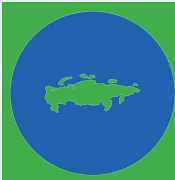
Kenya

In Kenya 16% of men who have sex with men experience depression, compounded by experiencing trauma or abuse, compared to 6% national prevalence of depression.



Philippines

Among Filipina sexual minority youth 27% experienced suicidal ideation versus 18.2% of heterosexual youth and 6.6% Filipina sexual minority youth attempted suicide versus 3.9% of heterosexual youth.



Russia

A study of men who have sex with men in Russia found 36.7% experienced depression and that depression increased 1.67-fold after the passage of the anti-gay laws.



U.S.A.

A U.S. national survey found 41% of transgender respondents reported ever attempting suicide compared to 4.6% of the general population.

MEMBER STATES MUST:

1

Disaggregate national suicide mortality rate by sexual orientation, gender identity and expression and sex characteristics (SOGIESC).

2

Collect disaggregated data by SOGIESC on number and proportion of persons suffering from depression and anxiety.

3

Collect the number of services that address preventative and mental health promotion for LGBTI people nationally.



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